

HUmanized **G**enomic **O**rthologs for **A**ntib**o**dy development

**Accelerating Antibody Discovery with Fully Human Antibody Mouse
HUGO-Ab[®] and Single B Cell Screening Technology AbDrop[®]**

----- Empower You for Breakthroughs in Antibody Drug Development !

Shun (Shawn) Zhou Ph.D

R&D Director of Cyagen Bioscience

Jul 25 2024



Cyagen and Biointron Partner to Empower Antibody Discovery



HUGO-Ab[®]
Transgenic Mice for Human
Antibody Discovery

The World's Leading Provider of Custom Animal Models

- Custom Model Generation
- Ready-to-Use Catalog Mouse Models
- Drug Development Mouse Models
- Downstream Breeding & Cohorts
- Preclinical Drug Development CRO Services



BIOINTRON

AbDrop[®]
Droplet-Based Antibody
Discovery Platform



The World's Leading Provider of Antibody Discovery and Antibody Recombinant Production



Antibody
Production



CHO-K1 Stable
Cell Line



VHH Antibody
Discovery



Single B Cell
Screening



Affinity
Maturation



Antibody
Humanization



Over Expression
Cell Line



Isotype Control/
Target Positive Antibody



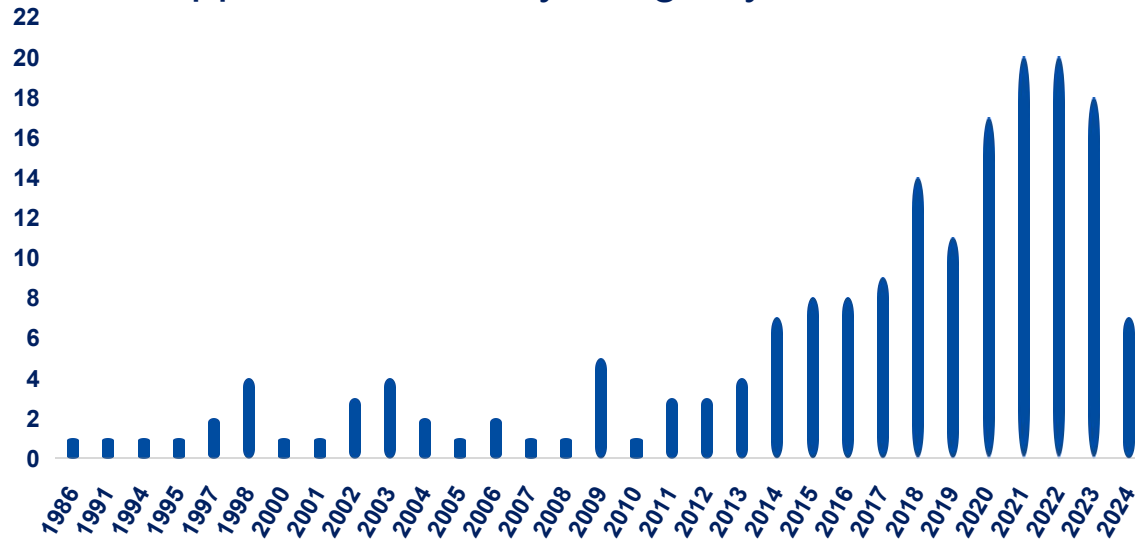
1. Why is the transgenic human antibody mouse important for antibody drug development?
2. What are the advantages of human antibody mouse HUGO-Ab[®]?
3. How to accelerate antibody discovery with high-throughput single B technology AbDrob[®]
in HUGO-Ab[®] mice



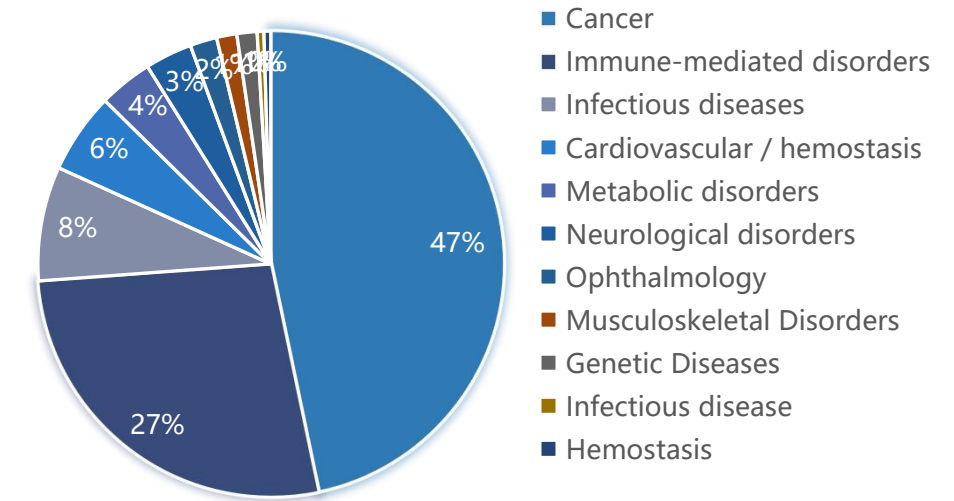
Trends and Distribution of Approved Antibody Drugs: An Overview



Approved Antibody Drugs by Years



Approved Antibody Drugs by Therapeutic Areas



- ◆ The number of approved antibody drugs has increased significantly since the first approval in 1986 and has been a noticeable upward trend from 2015 onwards
- ◆ A substantial portion of the approved antibody drugs targets cancer and Immune-mediated disorders, making up 74% of the total approvals.
- ◆ High specificity, versatility and reduced side effect make antibody drugs a powerful option for treating a wide array of diseases, contributing to their increasing prevalence and success in clinical settings

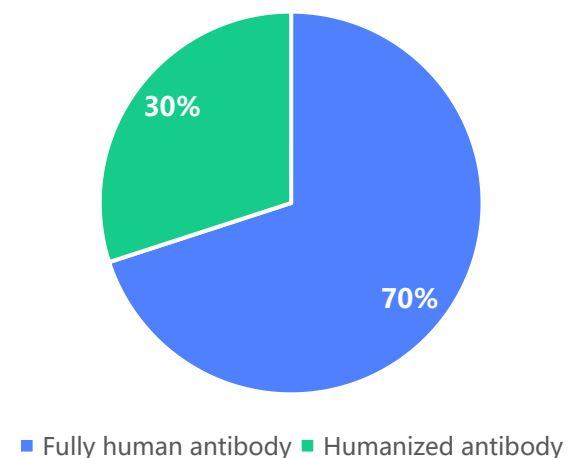


Fully Human Antibodies are Becoming a Significant Trend



Drug Name	Manufacturer(s)	Sales 2023 (USD M)	Diseases	Specification
Keytruda	Merck	25011	Cancer	Humanized antibody
Humira	AbbVie	14404	Autoimmune	Fully human antibody
Dupixent	Sanofi	11590	Autoimmune	Fully human antibody
Stelara	Johnson & Johnson	10858	Autoimmune	Fully human antibody
Darzalex	Johnson & Johnson	9744	Cancer	Fully human antibody
Opdivo	Bristol-Myers Squibb	9009	Cancer	Fully human antibody
Skyrizi	AbbVie	7763	Autoimmune	Humanized antibody
Ocrevus	Roche	5750	Autoimmune	Humanized antibody
Cosentyx	Novartis	4980	Autoimmune	Fully human antibody
Imfinzi	AstraZeneca	4237	Cancer	Fully human antibody

Type of Top 10 Antibody drugs



- ◆ Top 10 antibody drugs generated 100 billion US dollars of sales in 2023.
- ◆ 70% of the top 10 antibody drugs are fully human antibodies, indicating a dominant trend towards using human antibodies in antibody drug development.



Usage of human antibody to overcome immunogenicity issues



First monoclonal antibody drug: **Orthoclone OKT3**, as a **mouse-derived antibody**, was withdrawn from the market in 2006 due to **immunogenicity issues**:

HAMA

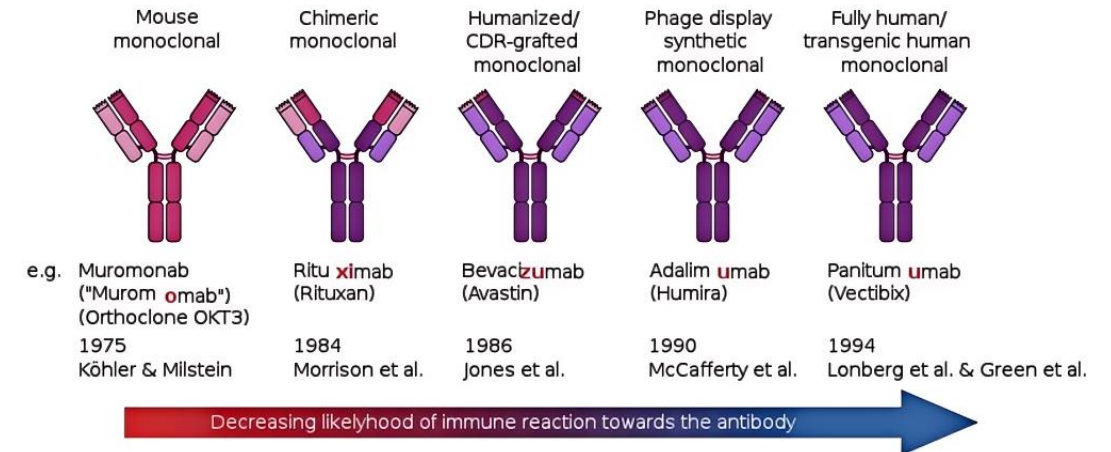
Recognized by human immune system, triggering production of human anti-mouse antibodies (HAMA)

High Dose

Mouse-derived antibodies have a short half-life, resulting in rapid clearance. Repeated high doses of drug further increase HAMA production

Allergy

In rare cases, the use of mouse-derived antibodies could lead to severe allergic reactions, and in some instances, it even resulted in the patient deaths



Format	Techniques	Advantages	Disadvantages	Immuno-genicity
Chimeric Antibody	Fusion of mouse variable antibody regions with human IgG	No	Not used anymore due to immunogenicity issues	High
Humanized Antibody	Grafting CDRs onto human frameworks	Lower cost, typical and traditional.	Risk of humanization level and success rate, high technical barrier	Moderate
Fully Human Antibody	Human phage display libraries	Good for toxic antigen	Light-Heavy chain not naturally paired	Low or moderate
	Single B cell selection from human PBMCs	Suitable for infectious diseases antigens	Limited to infectious diseases	Low
	Transgenic human antibody mice	Suitable for most situations	Limited access to use for the high cost and complicated licensing terms	Low



1. Lower Risk of Immunogenicity

- Naturally paired light and heavy chain
- Reducing the risk of immunogenicity and adverse reactions in patients

2. Efficient Screening of High Specificity, High Affinity, Functional, and Developable Antibodies

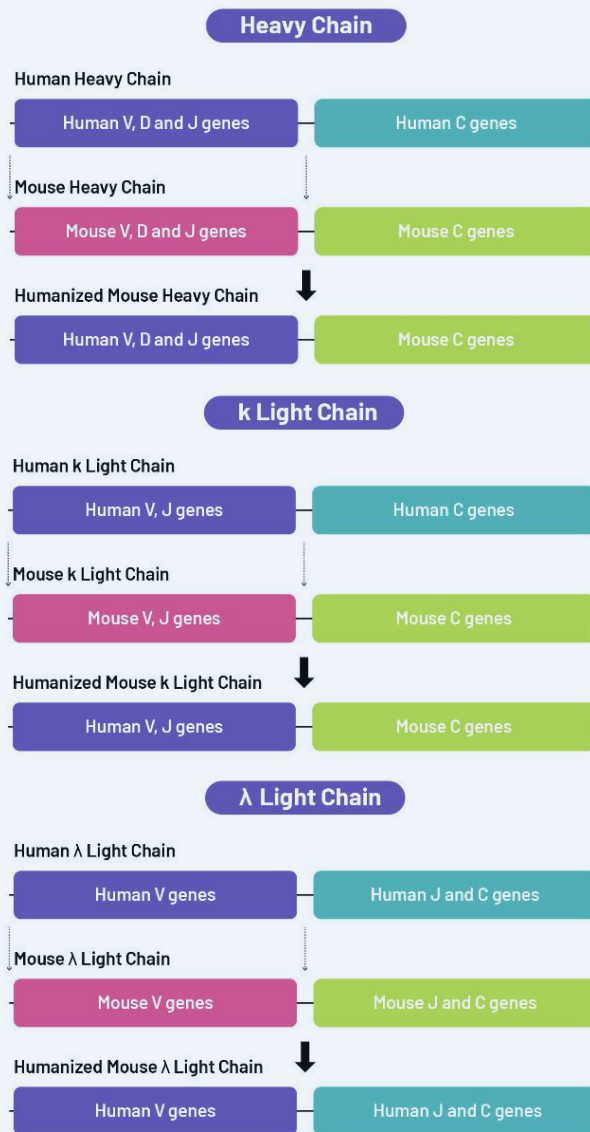
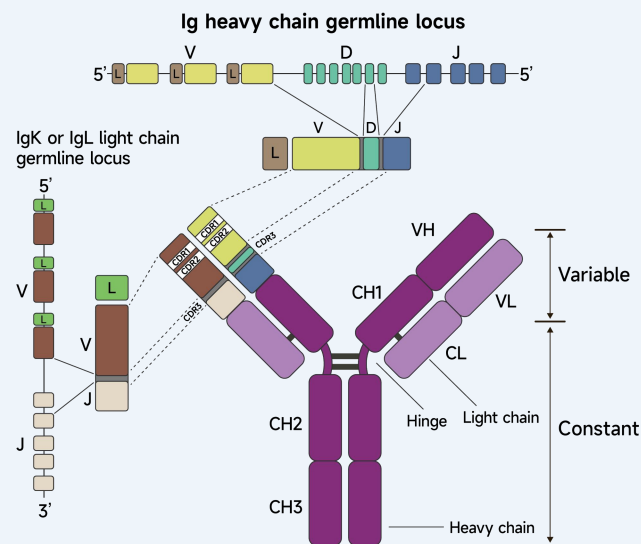
- Compatible with hybridoma, phage or yeast display, and single B cell screening without limitations
- Natural molecules derived from in vivo evolution and selection

3. Time Saving

- Antibody humanization engineering is not required and 3-4 months are saved
- No risk of loss of affinity and developability



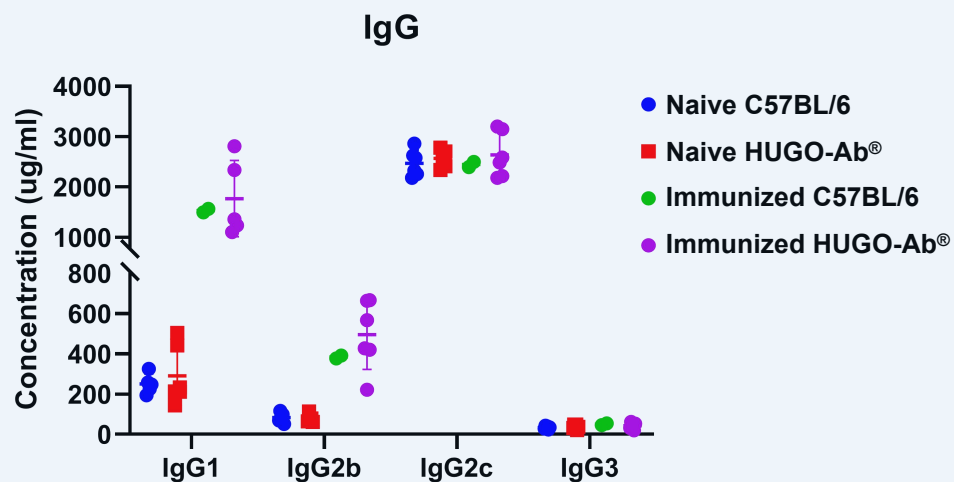
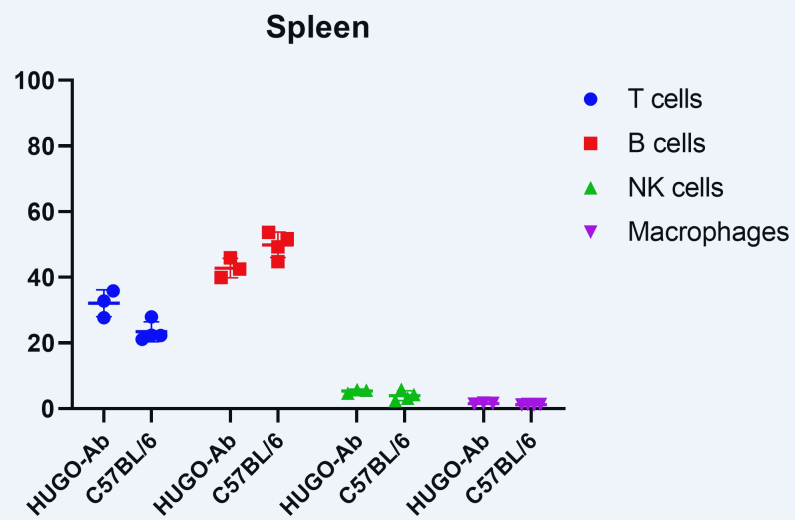
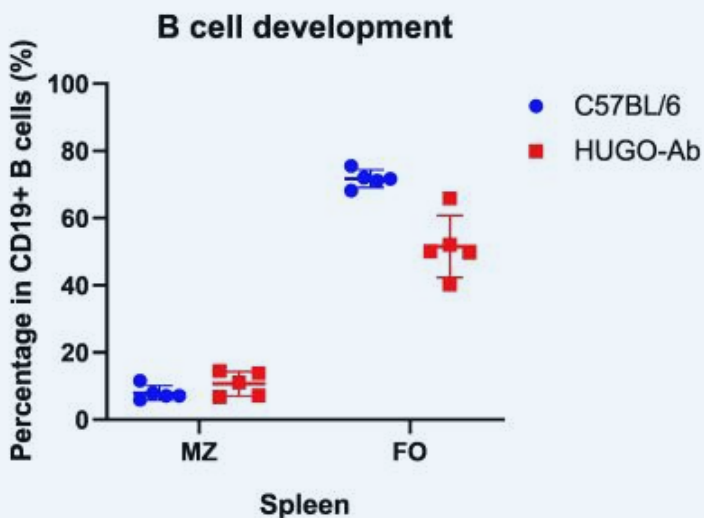
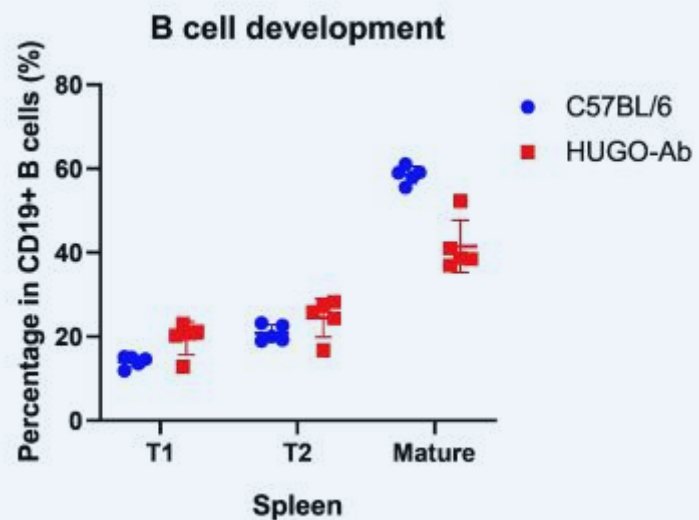
HUGO-Ab[®] Fully Human Antibody Mouse



HUGO-Ab[®]

- **HU**manized **Ge**nomic **O**rtholog for **Antib**ody development
- Developed based on Cyagen's proprietary patent **TurboKnockout[®] ES** targeting technology
- In situ replacement of the **full-length sequences** of human VH, Vk, and Vλ
- Available in **C57BL/6**, **BALB/c**, and **SJL** strains

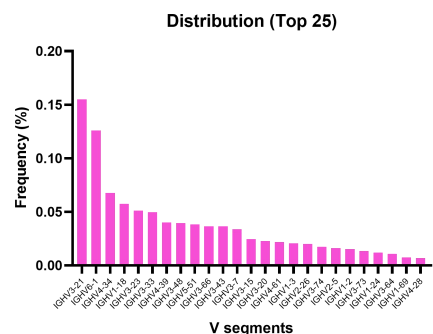
Ready to use with no string attached



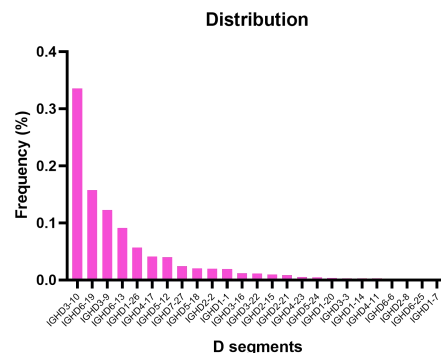
- ◆ HUGO-Ab[®] demonstrates normal B cell development compared to wild-type C57BL/6 mice
- ◆ HUGO-Ab[®] shows expected immunoglobulin IgG levels similar to those of wild-type C57BL/6 mice.



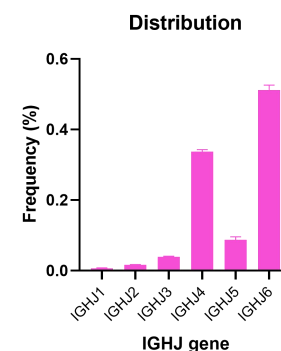
HUGO-Ab® Heavy Chain VDJ Rearrangement in Splenic B Cells



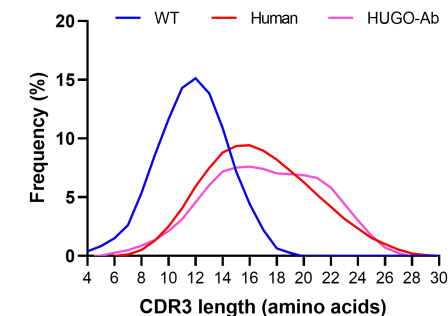
Distribution of V Gene Usage Frequency



Distribution of D Gene Usage Frequency



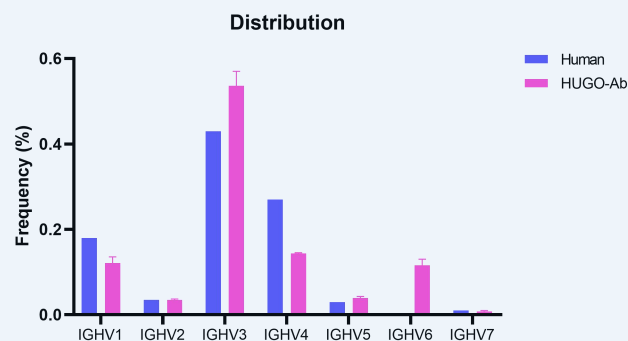
Distribution of J Gene Usage Frequency



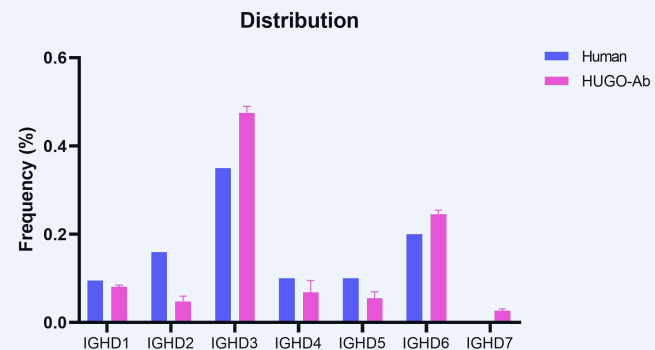
Distribution of CDR3 Length Frequency

Comparison of Gene Rearrangement Frequency

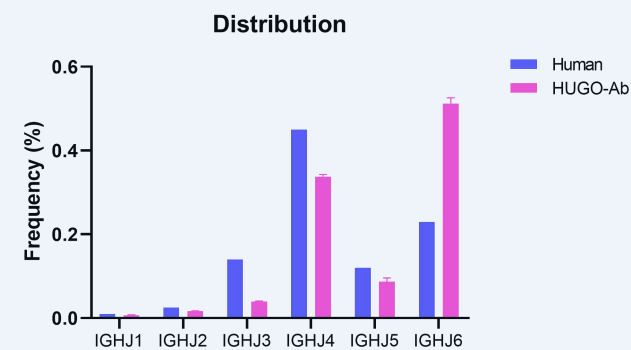
Comparison of IGHV Gene Rearrangement Frequency



Comparison of IGHD Gene Rearrangement Frequency



Comparison of IGHJ Gene Rearrangement Frequency

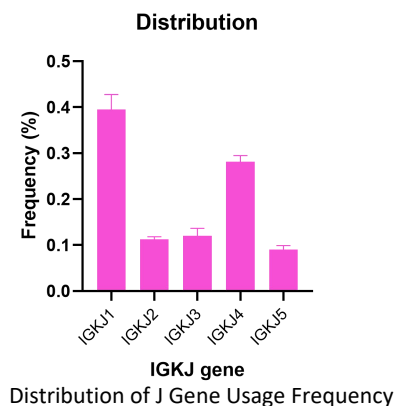
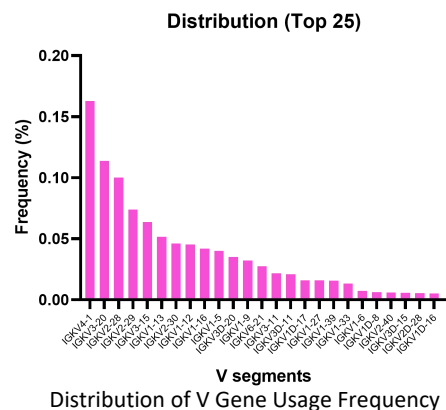




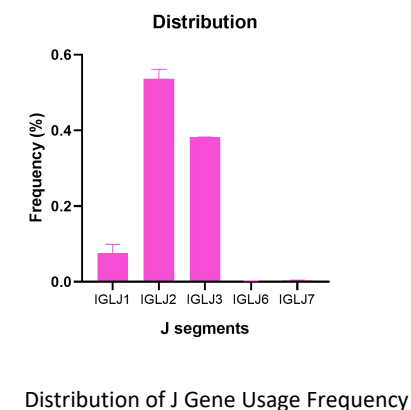
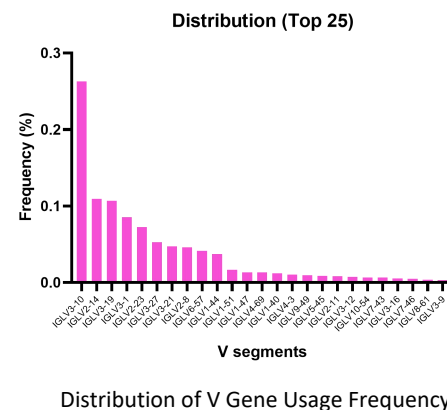
HUGO-Ab® Light Chain V(J) Rearrangement in Splenic B Cells



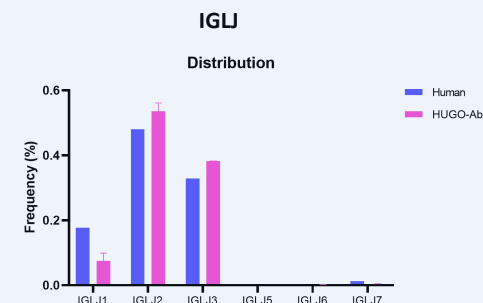
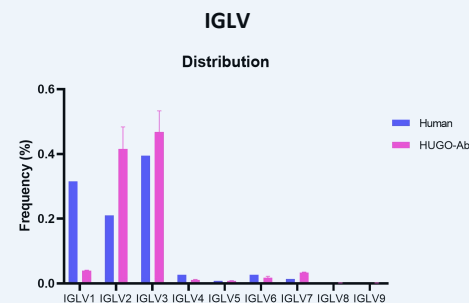
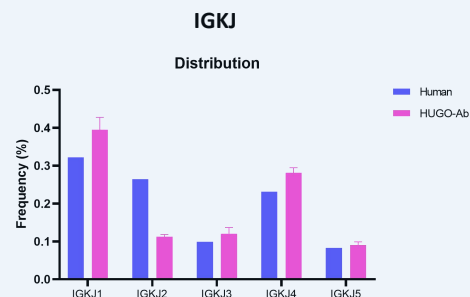
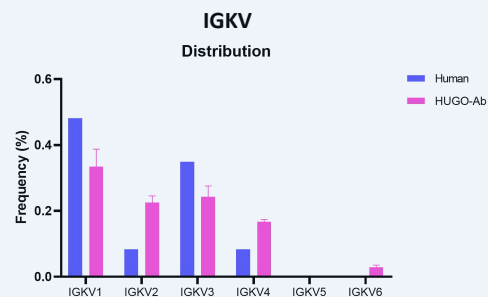
κ Light Chain Gene Rearrangement



λ Light Chain Gene Rearrangement

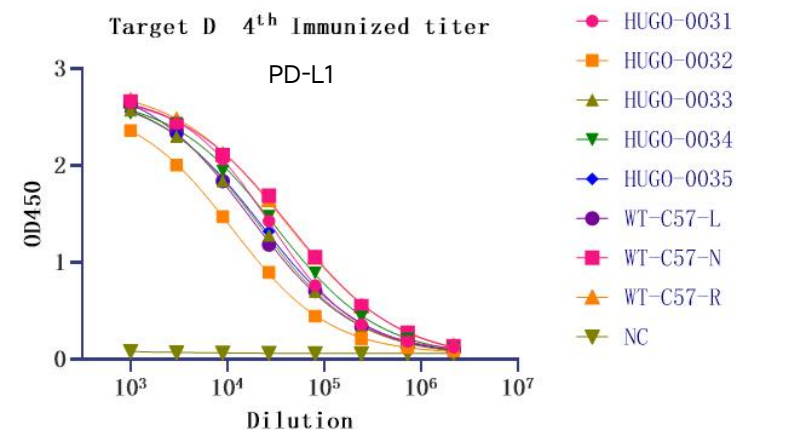
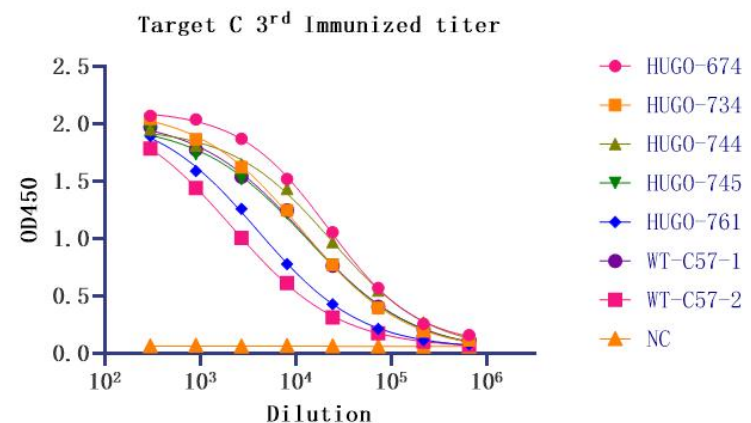
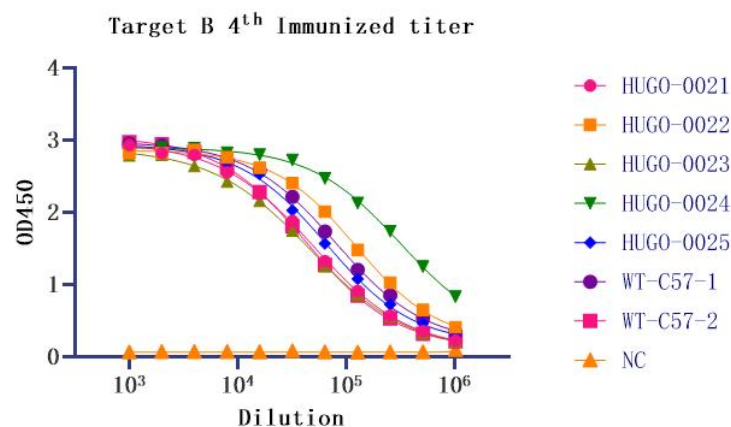
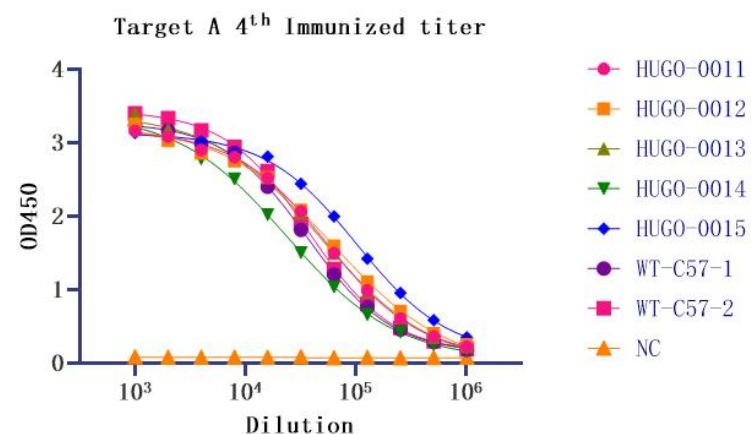


Comparison of Gene Rearrangement Frequency





HUGO-Ab® Exhibit Excellent Immune Response Capabilities



Immunization Protocol

Stages	Immunization method
1 st immunization (D0)	protein + CFA, SC
2 nd immunization (D14)	protein + IFA, SC
3 rd immunization (D28)	protein + IFA, SC
4 th immunization (D43)	protein + IFA, SC
Boosting (D57)	protein, IP
Three days after boosting	Collect B cells

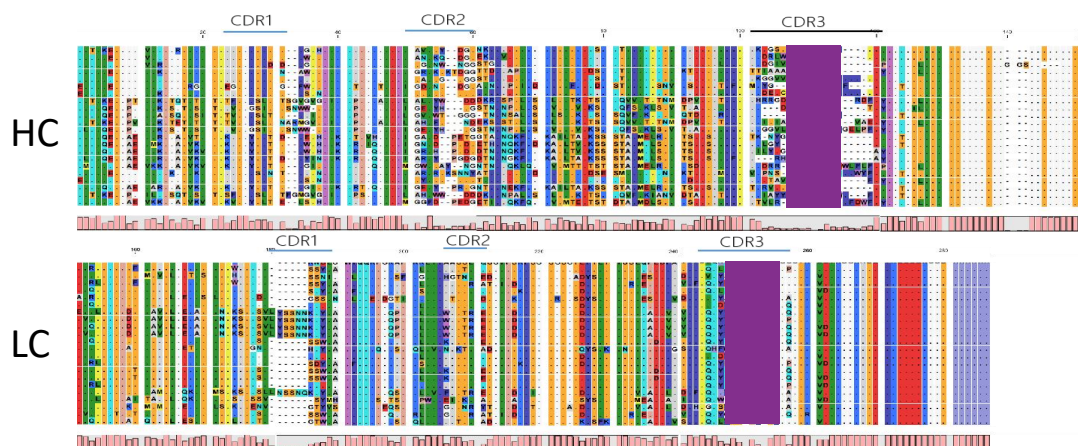
- The serum antibody titer exceeds a **dilution factor of half a million**
- HUGO-Ab® exhibits a slightly **stronger immune response** compared to the wild type C57BL/6



HUGO-Ab® Produce High-Affinity Antibody Molecules

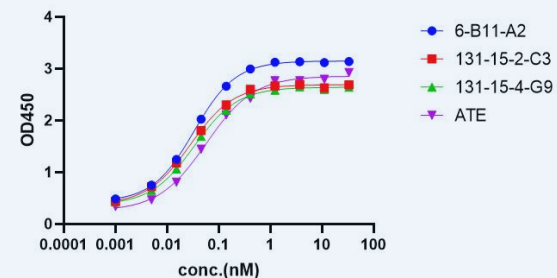


Full human antibodies against PD-L1



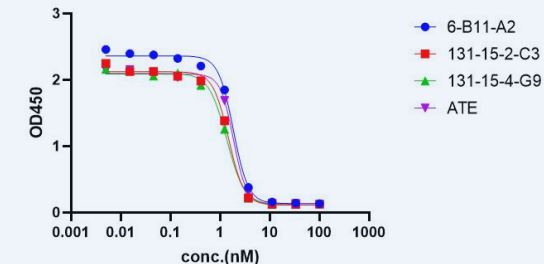
Anti-PDL1 affinity test

Anti-PDL1 binding to PD-L1 His affinity assay

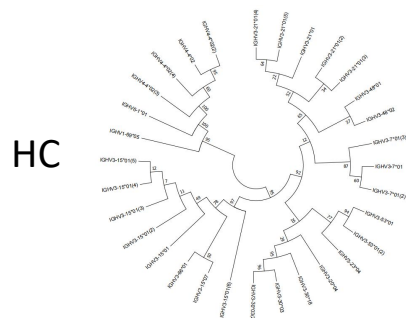


	6-B11-A2	131-15-2-C3	131-15-4-G9	ATE
EC50	0.03304	0.02829	0.03357	0.05705

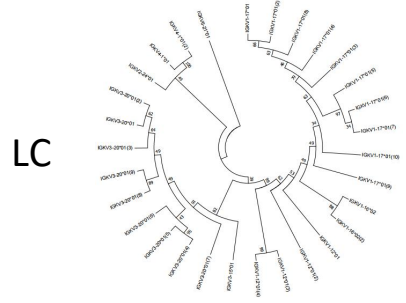
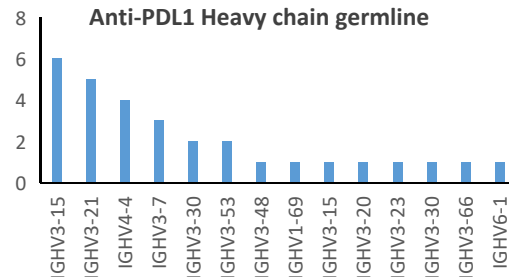
Anti-PDL1 blocking to PD1-mFc affinity assay



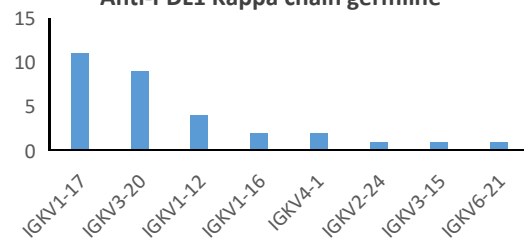
	6-B11-A2	131-15-2-C3	131-15-4-G9	ATE
EC50	1.839	1.474	1.354	1.842



Anti-PDL1 Heavy chain germline

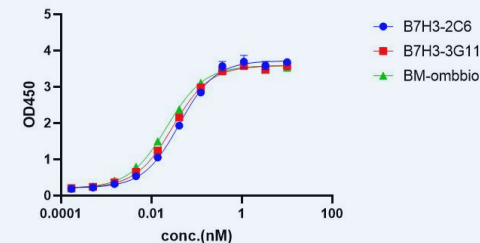


Anti-PDL1 Kappa chain germline



Anti-B7H3 affinity test

Anti-B7H3 binding to B7H3-His affinity assay



	B7H3-2C6	B7H3-3G11	BM-ombbia
EC50	0.04119	0.02962	0.02187

- Generating a **diverse array** of fully human VH and VL sequences.
- Generating **high-affinity** antibody molecules against antigens.

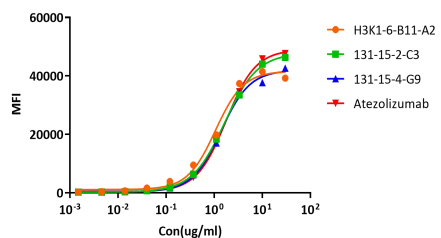


Human Anti-PD-L1 Antibodies Show Promising Affinity and Functionality



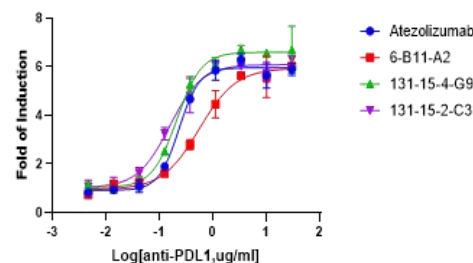
Cell-based assay

Anti-PDL1 binding to CHO-hPDL1 cell



	H3K1-6-B11-A2	131-15-2-C3	131-15-4-G9	Atezolizumab
EC50	1.064	1.659	1.387	1.776

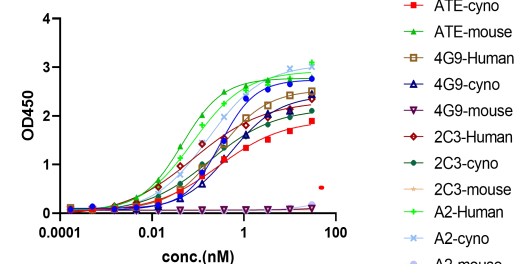
Anti-PDL1 reporter cell blocking assay



Ab	Atezolizumab	6-B11-A2	131-15-4-G9	131-15-2-C3
EC50 (ug/ml)	0.2519	0.5576	0.2053	0.1419

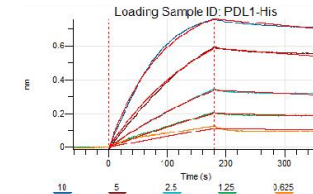
Cross binding assay

Anti-PDL1 cross binding assay



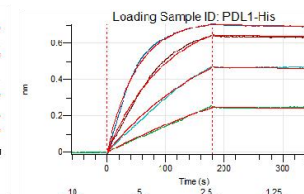
Kinetic test (BLI)

6-B11-A2



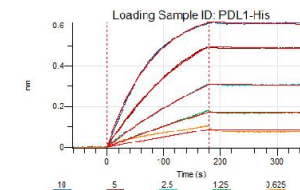
KD = 4.230x10⁻¹⁰ M
Kon=1.085x10⁶ M⁻¹S⁻¹
Koff=4.592x10⁻⁴ S⁻¹

131-15-2-C3



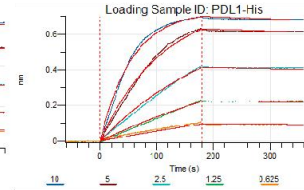
KD = 4.319x10⁻¹¹ M
Kon=1.990x10⁶ M⁻¹S⁻¹
Koff=8.594x10⁻⁵ S⁻¹

131-15-4-G9



KD = 7.757x10⁻¹¹ M
Kon=1.240x10⁶ M⁻¹S⁻¹
Koff=9.622x10⁻⁵ S⁻¹

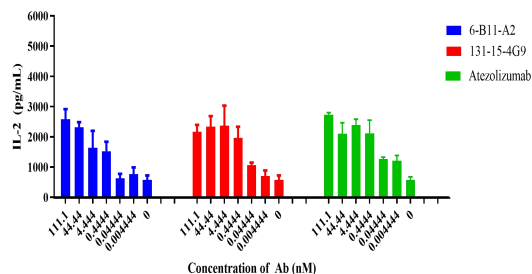
Atezolizumab



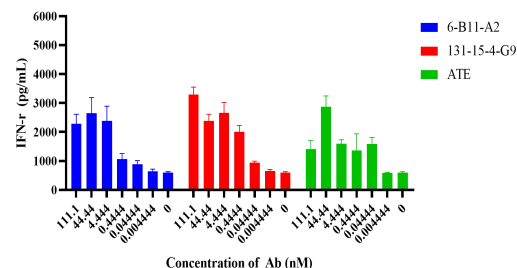
KD = 9.605x10⁻¹¹ M
Kon=1.777x10⁶ M⁻¹S⁻¹
Koff=1.707x10⁻⁴ S⁻¹

MLR assay

Effect of Anti-PDL1 on cytokine production in MLR with allogeneic DC

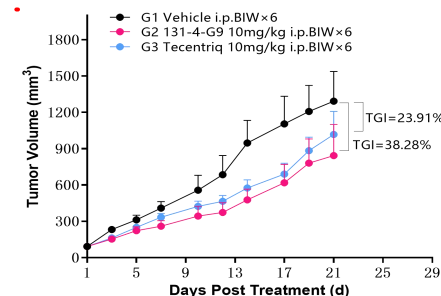


Effect of Anti-PDL1 on cytokine production in MLR with DC



In Vivo assay

NCI-H358 PBMC Model n = 5



➤ The anti-PD-L1 candidate molecule G9 is isolated from Hugo-Ab mice and demonstrates enhanced affinity and biological activity compared to atezolizumab



HUGO-Ab® Possesses Rich Antibody Diversity



Product	Competitor1	Competitor2	Competitor3	Competitor4	Competitor5	Competitor6	HUGO-Ab
Method	In situ ES targeting	In situ ES targeting	Transgenic	Transgenic	Transgenic	Not disclosed	In situ ES targeting
Parental strain	BALB/c, CD1, NOD	C57B/L6	C57B/L6,FVB, 129	SD/HSD	C57B/L6, SJL	C57B/L6	C57B/L6, BALB/c, SJL
HC Fc	Mouse IgG1,2b,2c,3	Mouse IgG1,2b,2c,3	Rat IgG1,2b,2c	Rat IgG1,2a,2b	Rat IgG1,2a,2b	Not disclosed	Mouse IgG1,2b,2c,3
HC Repertoire	Complete	Complete	Partial	Complete	Complete	Complete	Complete
κ LC Repertoire	Partial	Complete	Partial	Partial	Partial	Partial	Complete
λ LC Repertoire	Partial	No	Partial	Partial	Partial	Partial	Complete

HUGO-Ab®

► **HU**manized **Ge**nomic **Or**tholog for **Antib**ody development

- Engineered using Cyagen's **TurboKnockout®** ES technology
- In situ replacing **VH, VK and VL**
- Available in **C57BL/6, BALB/c, and SJL** strains
- **Complete sequences** of human-derived VH, Vk and Vλ genes

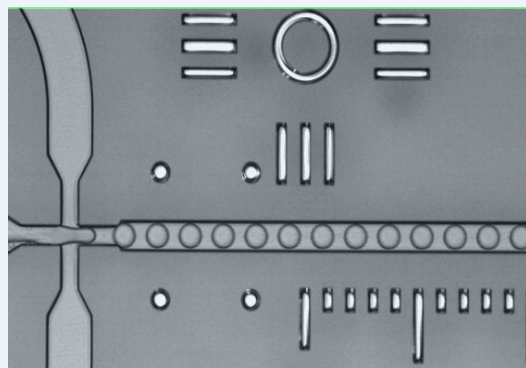


- Single B cell technology combines the advantages of hybridoma and phage display technologies

Technology	Diversity	Average Affinity	Species	Binder	Time
Hybridoma	✓	✓✓✓	Mouse	Natural form of IgG Chromosome instability	⌚⌚⌚
Phage Display	✓✓	Depends	Diverse library	Unpaired light and heavy chains	⌚⌚
Single B Cell technology	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	Mouse/ Rabbit	Paired light and heavy chains	⌚

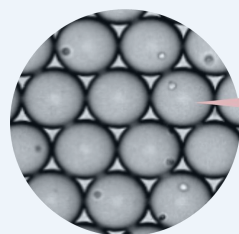


Macro-droplet generation

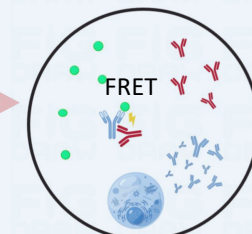


Detection system for protein based binder or cell based binder selection

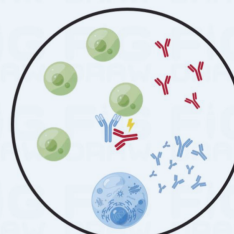
$$\text{Moles dye per mole protein} = \frac{A_{\text{dye}} \times \text{dilution factor}}{\epsilon_{\text{dye}} \times \text{protein concentration (M)}}$$



Cultivation Chamber

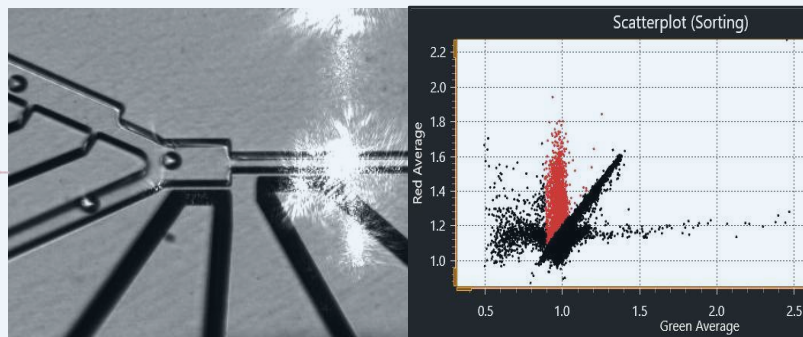


Direct Antigen Labeling

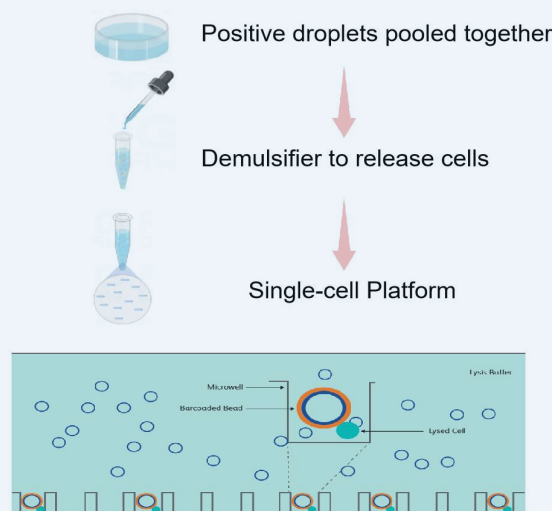


cells expressing antigens

Droplet sorting



Exporting cells for 10X sequencing



AbDrop[®] Droplet-Based Single B-cell Screening platform

- ◆ Screening millions of plasma B cells in **one day**
- ◆ NGS sequencing of single B cell in **one week**
- ◆ Obtaining hundreds of naturally paired heavy and light chain at **one time**
- ◆ From screening to candidates in **one month**



Advantages of AbDrop® technology



Single B cell platform	Throughput	Automation	Cost	Sensitivity	Assay Capability	
					Multiplex testing	Capability on cell-based assay
Microengraved micro/nanowells-based	Medium (100,000/chip)	Low	Low	High	N	N
FACS-Based	High (millions cells/time)	Low	Low	Low	Y	N
Microfluidic Chamber-based (Beacon)	Relatively low (11,000/chip)	High	High	High	Y	Y
Microdroplets-based (AbDrop)	High (millions cells/chip)	Medium	Low	High	Y	Y

➤ AbDrop® has advantages compared to other technologies overall



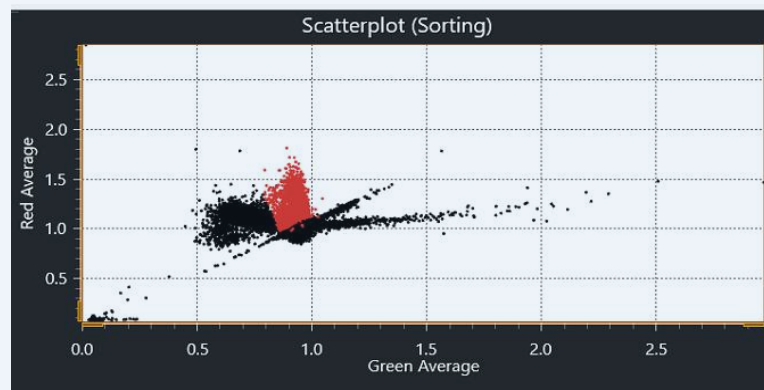
Case Study 1: Efficient Screening of Antibodies Targeting Z Protein



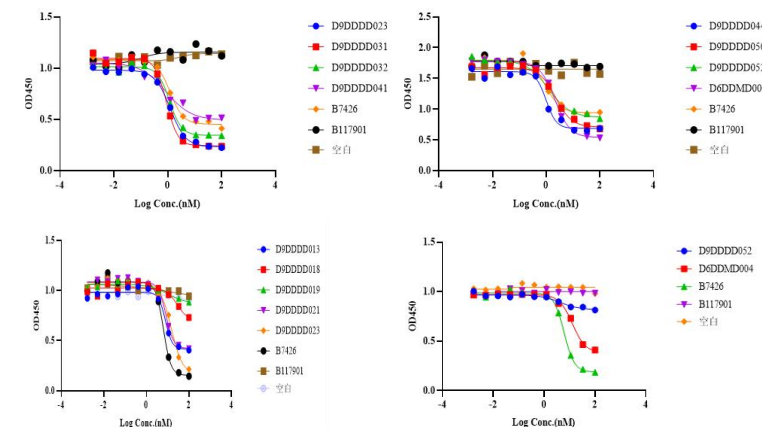
Basic info

Mouse	SBC1002-#1
Antigen	Recombinant Z protein
Titer	>64000
Number of cells	3.00E+08
Number of plasma cells	1.20E+06
Number of expression sequences	60

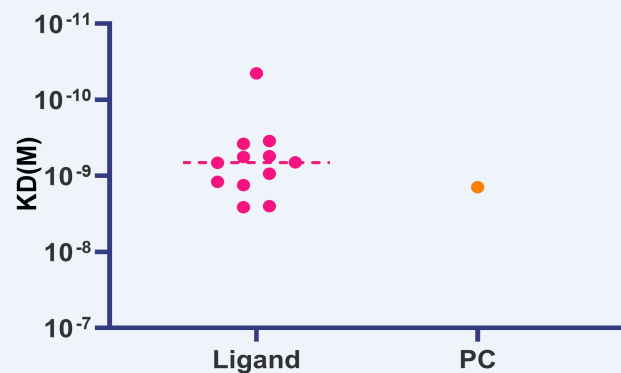
Sorting of positive microdroplet



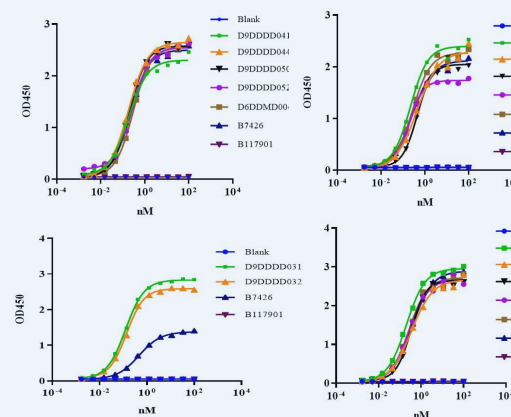
Blocking assay



Affinity measurement



HTP expression and ELISA assay



- 306 antibody sequences were obtained
- 60 antibody sequences were expressed
- 42 antibody sequences out of 60 were validated and exhibited protein-binding activity
- 26 antibody sequences demonstrated blocking functionality
- 43% of expressed antibodies were high-affinity and functional

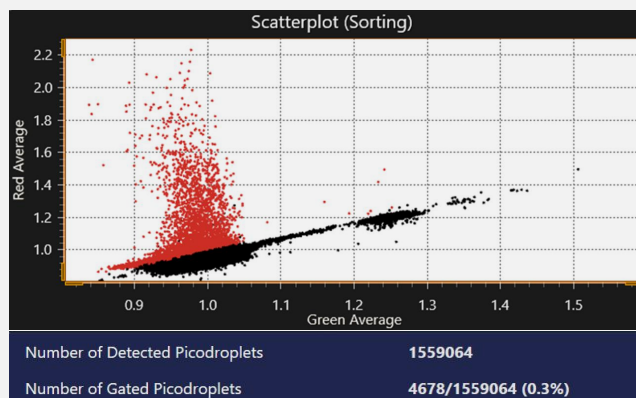


Case Study 2: HUGO-Ab® Shows Promising Traits Comparable to Wild-Type Mice

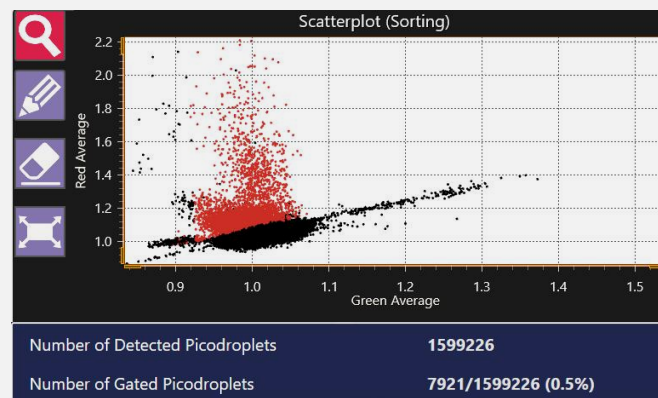


Anti-PD-L1 antibody screening in HUGO-Ab® and C57BL/6

WT positive droplet sorting



HUGO-Ab® positive droplet sorting

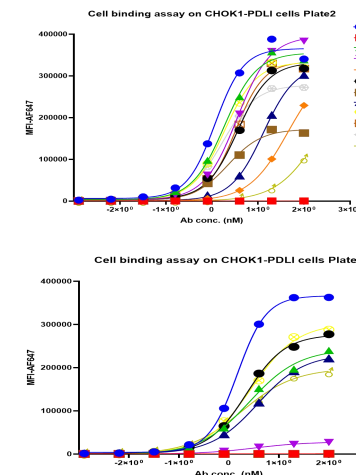


The total number of plasma cells enriched using CD138 beads: After 2 hours of culture, by gating positive cells, WT obtained 4,678 positive droplets, and HUGO-Ab® obtained 7,921 positive droplets.

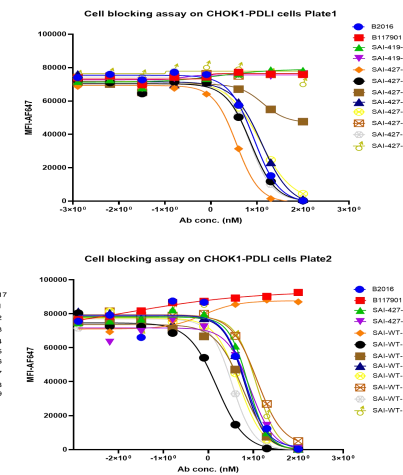
10x sequencing results

Mouse	Sorted droplets	Cell amount	Paired sequence	Unique sequence	Highest frequency
HUGO-Ab®	7917	1809	1466	413	56
WT	4706	1689	1248	142	174

Cell binding assay



Cell blocking assay



- 16 VS 17 antibody sequences show good affinity in HUGO-Ab® VS C57BL/6
- 6 VS 6 candidate molecules from HUGO-Ab® VS C57BL/6 surpassed the benchmark in binding and blocking activity
- Efficient screening of High affinity and functional antibodies in HUGO-Ab® combined with AbDrop®



Project summary

Antigen: **Protein X**

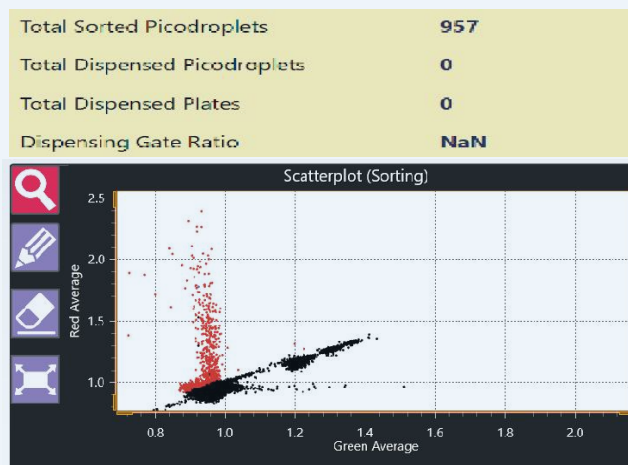
Homology: **90% to mouse protein**

Immunization titer: **around 100K**

Hybridoma screening: **2 binders**

Microdroplets single B screening: **28 binders**

Microdroplet Enrichment



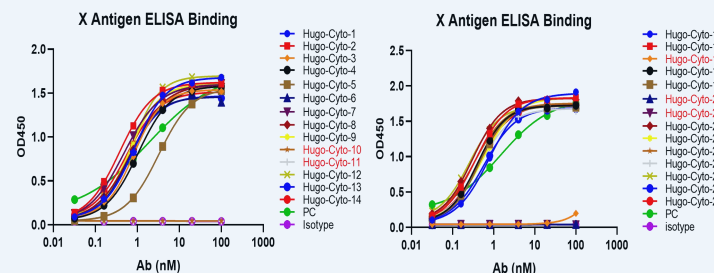
AbDrop®

- Target antigen **90% to mouse protein**
- **2 binders** were only obtained by hybridoma screening in HUGO-Ab®
- **28 binders** were successfully obtained from HUGO-Ab® combined with AbDrop®.

Sequencing Data Analysis

590 Estimated Number of Cells	12,648 Mean Reads per Cell	159 Number of Cells With Productive V-J Spanning Pair
Parameters	Account	
Total Pairs	158	
Unique Pairs	34	
Highest frequency	170 (85)	
Expression Pairs	34	

Antibody Expression and Binding Validation





1

Human Antibody Directly

Fully human antibody VH, VK and VL enable the mouse to generate human antibody molecules in highly rich diversity

3

Efficient and powerful

Millions of B cells are screened in a high-throughput way, and binding and activity assays are encapsulated to maximize the number of potential candidates.

2

No String Attached

Customers can easily access and use HUGO-Ab[®] mice without any milestone or royalty licensing fees.

4

Fast timeline

Antibody screening can be completed in just one week, reducing the entire antibody discovery process from 6 months to 3 months

LIVE WEBINAR

Accelerating Antibody Drug Discovery with **Fully Human Antibody Mouse HUGO-Ab** and **High-Throughput Single B Cell Screening**



Date and Time : *July 25th, 2024 11:00am EST*



Save My Seat

Email: animal-service@cyagen.com
Email: info@biointron.com



Speaker: **Shun Zhou, Ph.D.**

Thanks