AIRR Common Repository Working Group (CRWG)

AIRR Community Meeting | Sunday, December 3, 2017

Members:

Meredith Ashby

Felix Breden

Richard Bruskiewich

Tania Bubela

Syed Ahmad Chan Bukhari

Scott Christley

Brian Corrie

Lindsay Cowell

John Harting

Rob Holt

David Klatzmann

Uri Laserson

Nishanth Marthandan

Bjoern Peters

Adrien Six

Adrian Thorogood

Corey Watson

Yariv Wine

CRWG's Mission

To promote and facilitate the creation of common repositories that facilitate open *deposition*, *access*, and *sharing/reuse* of IG and TCR AIRR-seq datasets.

CRWG's Goals (2016-2017)

→ Refine and ratify the AIRR CRWG 2016 Recommendations Document

(available here:

https://github.com/airr-community/common-repo-wg/blob/master/recommendations.md)

- → Develop consistent consent documents that are compliant with best practices for open sharing of AIRR-seq data.
- → Develop a framework for an AIRR Community "Data Commons" for AIRR-seq datasets.

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Recommendations 4, 6 - 9: Compliant repositories will adhere to operational criteria put forth by AIRR working groups.

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Recommendations 4, 6 - 9: Compliant repositories will adhere to operational criteria put forth by AIRR working groups.

Recommendations 12 - 13: AIRR sequencing studies should also deposit data in IEDB and ImmPort, where appropriate.

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Recommendation 4: Commercially valuable AIRR sequence data.

In exceptional circumstances, AIRR sequence data may be commercially valuable. Where there is an intent to commercialize AIRR sequence data and/or associated antibodies, provisions should be made to share data and/or materials under a confidentiality agreement/non-disclosure agreement (NDA) and a material transfer agreement (MTA), respectively.

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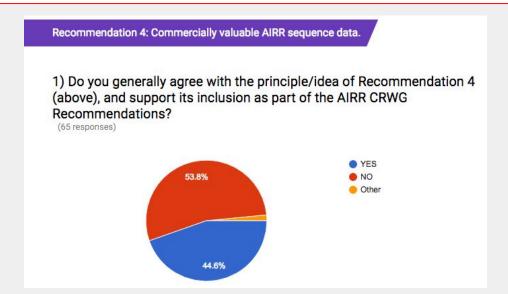
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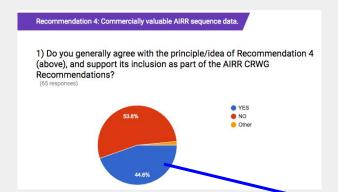
In January of 2017, we held a vote on a modified CRWG Recommendations document.

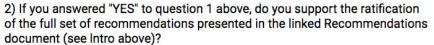
3 questions; 65 respondents

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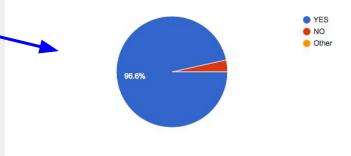
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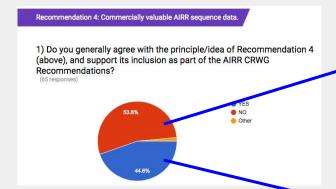






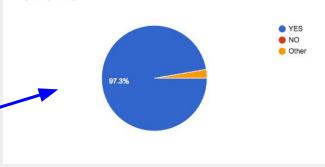






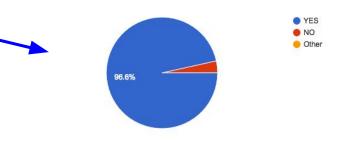
3) If you answered "NO" to question 1 above, do you agree with ideas presented in Recommendations 1-3 & 5-14 in the linked document (see Intro above), and would you be willing to ratify this document if Recommendation 4 is specifically excluded until the next AIRR Community Annual Meeting?

(37 responses)



2) If you answered "YES" to question 1 above, do you support the ratification of the full set of recommendations presented in the linked Recommendations document (see Intro above)?

(29 responses)



3) If you answered "NO" to question 1 above, do you agree with ideas presented in Recommendations 1-3 & 5-14 in the linked document (see Intro above), and would you be willing to ratify this document if Recommendation 4 is specifically excluded until the next AIRR Community Annual Meeting?

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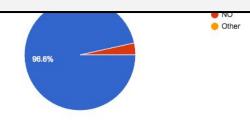
YES

SUMMARY:

Majority against the inclusion of "Recommendation 4"

(debate tabled until Monday, December 4)

Majority in favor of Recommendations document (sans "Rec. 4")



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 - Appropriate privacy and security safeguards are in place across the data trajectory
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 - 2. When broad consent is not practical because of regulatory requirements, ethical concerns, or the preferences of the research population, an alternative approach is to **maintain a link** with the participant to enable specific consent to future access and re-use of data.
 - 3. Consent and governance processes should be transparent.

- → Develop consistent consent documents that are compliant with best practices for open sharing of AIRR-seq data.
 - Consent Elements Prospective Consent to Data Sharing (<u>GA4GH Consent Policy 2015</u>)
 - Sharing Legacy Data When is Re-consent, Notification, or Ethics Waiver Required? (GA4GH Consent Policy 2015)
 - 3. Consent to International Data Sharing: <u>Template Consent Forms and Clauses</u>

→ Develop a framework for an AIRR Community "Data Commons" for AIRR-seq datasets.

1. The query interfaces to NCBI repositories are not optimized for AIRR-relevant queries.

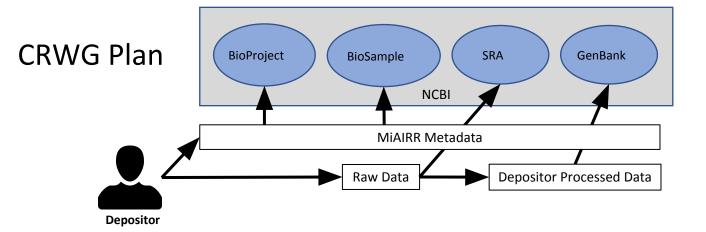
- 1. The query interfaces to NCBI repositories are not optimized for AIRR-relevant queries.
- 2. Only raw data in SRA.
 - a. You will need to download that data, curate it to properly post-process (e.g., barcodes and primers), and run through an analysis pipeline.
 - b. Many users do not want to duplicate this effort.
 - c. Many users do not have the resources or expertise to do this.
 - d. Many queries will be more efficient on processed data.

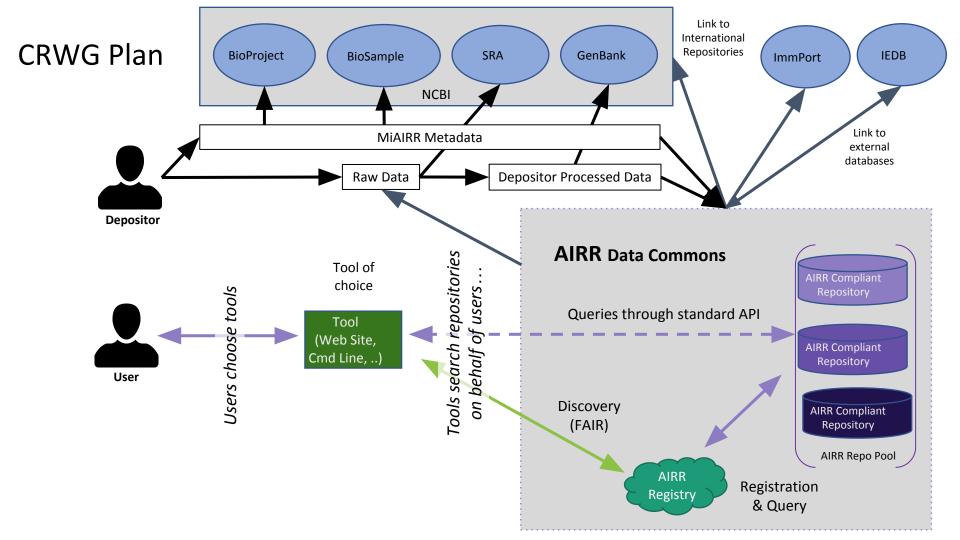
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- 3. It is unclear if GenBank will host all processed data (e.g., unproductive). Genbank will only store a small subset of annotations.
- 4. There is a desire to run different processing pipelines (e.g., with different germline databases, VDJ calling algorithms, etc.) Genbank will only provide the depositor version. AIRR repositories can provide standardized processing pipelines for specific applications.

→ Develop a framework for an AIRR Community "Data Commons" for AIRR-seq datasets.

Recommendation 10: The dedicated AIRR repositories (Recommendation 5) should comprise a system of *multiple, distributed repositories* supported by a centralized registry consistent with an intermediate distributed model as described in http://science.sciencemag.org/content/350/6266/1312.full.





→ Develop a framework for an AIRR Community "Data Commons" for AIRR-seq datasets.

Recommendation 7: The AIRR Working Groups should collaboratively develop **operational criteria for compliant repositories**. ... The operational criteria should include implementation of:

- 1. Standardized data elements with exact (computable) specifications;
- 2. A standardized data submission process (including standardized data and metadata formats);
- 3. A standardized set of queries;
- 4. A system for assigning unique identifiers that ensures coordination among repositories/registritries ...

Example queries - what do users want to query for?

- What human full length TCR-beta sequences have CDR3 region: "GTGGTNEKL"?
- What human full length IgH sequences have been found in patients with an autoimmune diagnosis?
- What is the antibody IG heavy chain V usage in people who have diabetes?
- Give me all the anti-HIV antibody sequences that use IGHV1-69 in HIV infected individuals?
- Return repertoires from cancer patients where we have pre- and post-immunotherapy peripheral blood (or tumor biopsy) repertoires.

What human full length TCR-beta sequences have CDR3 region: "GTGGTNEKL"?

Query parameters:

Donor species = human Sequence type = TCR beta chain Sequence feature: CDR3 = "GTGGTNEKL"

Translation to AIRR terms is non trivial:

- organism = "homo sapiens" → NCBI taxonomy ID or string match?
- AND
- v call *contains* "TRB" → string matching or hierarchical organization (ontology) of genes
- AND
- junction_aa contains "GTGGTNEKL"

Technical Features W/ or Tissue Sequence SCA/ W/O platform Bulk UMI

Bio Features

Sequence Features

gDNA/ mRNA

CDR1-3

Length

Chain Type

type

V/D/J assign

Cell

type

Isotype

SHM

Productive/non productive

Antigen

Key repeating elements to prioritize for computationally precise standardization

Donor species (e.g., homo sapiens)

Donor health status (e.g., diabetes)

Sequence type (e.g., TRB)

Gene usage (e.g., IGHV1-69)

CDR3 sequence (e.g., "CASSYIKLN")

Receptor specificity (e.g., HIV virus)

In Progress Implementations

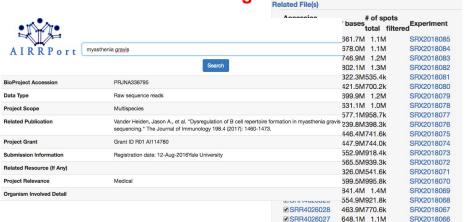
- iReceptor
- VDJServer
- AIRRPort
- IEDB
- Klatzman group





The Adaptive Immune Receptor Repertoire (AIRR) Community is a community-driven organization that is organizing and coordinating stakeholders in the use of NGS technologies to study antibody (Ab)/B-cell and T-cell receptor (TcR) repertoires. Recent advances in sequencing technology have made it possible to sample the immune repertoire in vaccinology, infectious disease, autoimmunity, and cancer biology, but also poses substantial challenges. To meet these challenges, we have established the AIRR Community. The AIRR Community and its associated meetings and workshops are designed to develop standards and recommendations for (i) obtaining, analyzing, curating and comparing/sharing NGS AIRR datasets, (ii) using and validating tools for analyzing AIRR data; (iii) relating AIRR NGS datasets to other "big data" sets, such as microarray, flow cytometric, and MiSeq gene-expression data, and (iv) legal and ethical issues involving the use and sharing of AIRR data sets derived from human sources. The proceedings of the workshops, including the recommendations and action plans, will be published for the larger scientificand community. Read more at http://dir-community.org

interactive faceted browsing



Fetch all related metadata and data files at one place

https://airrport.org

Salient Features

A centralized portal to discover AIRR Studies

Currently, it fetches AIRR data from the NCBI

You can register your data through BioProjectID

- You can make your already submitted data to

 MiAIRR compliant through user-friendly interface
- AIRRPort is a prototype yet.
 - Future work will include more AIRR related repos

so what you think about AIRRPort tell us at twitter @airrportdb.

To discuss further contact: {Ahmad.chan, steven.kleinstein}@yale.edu

- → Develop a framework for an AIRR Community "Data Commons" for AIRR-seq datasets.
 - I want to put my data somewhere ... I want to host an AIRR-compliant repository.
 - "Hosting" a repository means you
 - can run a database that scales with your data size,
 - can run a public HTTP/REST API server that responds to queries, and
 - (optionally) have a batch submission/queue system for performing large queries.

→ Develop a framework for an AIRR Community "Data Commons" for AIRR-seq datasets.

- Tier 1: Have the infrastructure to host a large repository with data from multiple labs and institutions.
- Tier 2: Have the infrastructure to host a repository with my institution's data.
- Tier 3: Have the infrastructure to host a repository with my lab's data.
- Tier 4: Unable to host a repository.

Goals for the coming year

- Formalize and document the computable specifications for query elements
- Identify a query language
- Decide what should be returned for each query
 - Download locally
 - Transfer to an analysis server (skip intervening download/upload steps)